## WHAT KIND OF NUMBER IS IT?

**Natural Numbers** 

{1, 2, 3, 4.....} These are also called *Counting Numbers*, and they're the numbers that can be used for counting the fingers on your hands or the pieces of candy in a bowl. They don't include zero, negatives, or fractions.

**Whole Numbers** 

{0, 1, 2, 3, 4.....} These include the natural (counting) numbers, but they also include zero. They don't include negatives or fractions, but they can describe how many cows are in a field as well as how many cows remain after they all leave.

Integers

{...-3, -2, -1, 0, 1, 2, 3...} These include the whole numbers (natural numbers and zero), and they also include negative numbers. They don't include fractions.

**Rational Numbers** 

These are any numbers that can be expressed as a fraction, which includes all integers and most decimals.

Examples include 
$$-\frac{1}{2}$$
, 208,  $\frac{2}{3}$ , 0.66,  $\frac{8}{-27}$ ,  $\frac{-4}{1}$ , -4,  $\frac{19}{8}$ , 0.75

Integers are rational numbers because

$$2 = \frac{2}{1} \qquad -13 = \frac{-13}{1}$$

**Fractions** are rational numbers so long as their bottom number (the *denominator*) is not zero, because dividing anything by zero is impossible.

Decimals are rational numbers so long as they either

 terminate, having a limited number of digits after the decimal point. For example, 0.25 and .07 are both terminating decimals. They can also be expressed as fractions:

$$0.25 = \frac{1}{4}$$
  $0.07 = \frac{7}{100}$ 

• **repeat,** having an unlimited number of digits after the decimal point that repeat in a regular pattern. For example, the decimals 0.666666... and 0.454545... are usually written as 0.6 and 0.45, although they can go on forever. They can also be expressed as fractions:

$$0.6 = \frac{2}{3}$$
  $0.45 = \frac{5}{11}$ 

## **Irrational Numbers**

These are any numbers that can't be written as fractions or as decimals that terminate or repeat.

For example, the number pi ( $\pi$ ) starts as 3.1415926... and continues for an infinite number of digits in no particular pattern. No fraction is equal to exactly that number.

Similarly, the square root of two ( $\sqrt{2}$ ) can be estimated as 1.4, but 1.4 \* 1.4 does not equal 2 exactly. There is no fraction equaling any decimal which, multiplied by itself, equals two.

## **Real Numbers**

These are all the rational numbers (including natural numbers, whole numbers, and integers) **and** all the irrational numbers.

## **Real Numbers**

| Rational Numbers | Irrational Numbers |
|------------------|--------------------|
|                  |                    |
| Integers         |                    |
| Whole Numbers    |                    |
| Natural Numbers  |                    |
|                  |                    |